



2021

Mitsubishi Outlander

2.4 plug-in hybrid 4x4 CVT



3.9

Clean Air Index 3.0

Energy Efficiency Index 4.0

Greenhouse Gas Index



Laborato	ory Test N	MHC N	10 _x	NH ₃	со	PN
5.4 /10 Cold Test						
7.0 /10 Warm Test						
0.0/10 Cold Ambien	t Test					
0.0 /10 Highway						
Road Tes	<u>t</u>					
5.5 /10 On-Road Dr	ive					
0.0 /8 On-Road He	avy Load					
2.8 /5 On-Road Lig	ht Load					
3.4 /5 On-Road Sh	ort Trip					
2.0/2 Congestion						
Robustne	ess					













Comments

In general, the Outlander controls pollutant emissions reasonably well. In the warm test, emissions are low and, for particle number, is not excessive. In the cold ambient temperature and high-load highway tests, emissions of carbon monoxide, CO, are high and the Outlander scores no points in these tests. Likewise, in the heavy load on-road test, CO is elevated.

Energy Efficiency Tests

	Laboratory Test	Energy
3.7 /10	Cold Test	
5.0 /10	Warm Test	
0.0/10	Cold Ambient Test	
0.1 /10	Highway	

	C	consumption	Driv	ring Range	
	Petrol	Electric	Petrol	Electric	
Average	5.4	52.8 kWh /100 km	870	30 km	
Worst-case	8.6	0.0 kWh /100 km	547	n.a. km	

Consumption in WLTC+ Battery Depleting Cycle: 26.4 kWh/100 km electric + 3.1 l/100 km fuel













adequate marginal

weak

poor

Comments

The Outlander's weight and shape count against its energy efficiency. While the car uses less energy in electric mode than in petrol mode, it manages a score of only 3/10 in this part of the assessment.

	Greenhouse gases	CO2	N ₂ O	CH₄	
3.0 /7	Cold Test				
3.2 /7	Warm Test				
1.3 /7	Cold Ambient Test				
1.5 /7	Highway				











good adequate marginal weak

poor

Comments

While emissions of the unregulated greenhouse gases N_2O and CH_4 are low, those of carbon dioxide, CO₂, are above Green NCAP's upper limits in two of the tests, limiting the scores in these tests and contributing to the car's index of 4 in this part of the assessment.



Tyres

Published CO₂

46 g/km

Our Verdict

The Outlander is tested here in its third-generation form, the first to be available as a plug-in hybrid (PHEV). A 2.4 litre petrol engine is coupled with two 60 kW electric motors, one for each axle. The driver is offered a wide variety of driving modes including pure electric and battery-charge sustaining. Green NCAP's tests were conducted in these two modes and the results combined in a way that represents how the car might typically be used, based on the available electric range. Because of the relatively low range, the rating is biased more towards the petrol mode than the electric one. In all three areas of assessment, the Outlander scores only modestly. Overall, with a rating of only 2 stars, the Outlander disappoints, with performance that is no better than many non-electrified competitors.

Disclaimer

Publication Date

Mass

Tested Car JMBXDGG3WKZ00xxxx

Engine Size

Declared Battery Capacity

Emissions Class

Engine Power/Torque

Published Driving Range

Sponsored by GV

